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	S.E-IV Sem-Chem.		
	Engineering Chemist  (28) Station Chemist  (28) Station Chemist  (28) Station Chemist  (29) Code: 5331	ry .	I is lec-I
	(3 Hours) [ Total Marks:	80	
N. B.	<ul> <li>(1) Question no. 1 is compulsory.</li> <li>(2) Attempt any three questions from the remaining questions.</li> </ul>		
Answ	er any four of the following :-	20	
(	a) Discuss the validity of the statement that 'A catalust only hastens the approach of equilibrium in a reversible reaction but it does not alters the position of the equilibrium.		
(	b) How will you synthesise butanone from ethyl acctate.		
(	c) Define (i) Specific conductance		
	(ii) Equivalent conductance		
	(iii) Molar conductance		•
(	(d) Give the principle of paper cheomatography. Explain Radial paper chromatography in detail.		
,	(e) Explain the origin of charge on colloidal particles.	-	
	f) What is the principle of amperometric titration? Explain the curve		
Ì	obtained in the titration of Pb(II) ion against sulphate ions.		
	5.9 gm of common salt is passed through a cation exchanges in H <sup>4</sup> form. Calculate the weight of HCl that will be formed.	5	
	What is shielding and de-shielding. Explain the splitting of NMR signal	5	
	for		
	CH <sub>3</sub> -CH <sub>2</sub> -CH <sub>2</sub> -Cl	_	
	Explain the aromacity of Furan or anthracene.	5	
(d) l	Explain liquid junction potential.	5	
	The distribution ratio for iodine between CS <sub>2</sub> and water is 450. If 100 ml of an aqeous solution containing 1.018 mg iodine is equilibrated	.5	
į	wice with 50 cm <sup>3</sup> portion of CS <sub>2</sub> . What amount of iodine will remain inextracted in water after second extraction.		•
(b) '	What is the principle of infrared spectroscopy Give two application in detail.	5	
(c) V	What is acid-base catalysis. Give the mechanism for both acid and base catalysis.	5	
(d) I	Explain why pyridine is more basis than pyrrole.	5	

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SE/Q CHEM CBGS/Q QP Code: 5331

4.	Write a note on TLC	
	(a) Explain debye-huckel theory of strong electrolytes.	5
	(b) How would you prepare the following compound from diethyl	5
	malonate	
	(i) Succinic acid	
	(ii) Barbituric acid	
	(c) Using flame photometer. Estimate the amount of sodium present	5
	in the given sample.	
	(d) Explain emulsions with one example each.	5
5.	(a) State Nama't distribution law and auntain an aurana and for import of	5
٦.	(a) State Nerns't distribution law and explain an expression for amount of solute left unextracted after signle extraction.	,
		5
		5
	(c) Explain the intermediate theory and adsorption theory of catalysis.	5
,	(d) Give the principle of HPLC and give two applications.	,
6.	(a) Explain continuous solvent extraction method in detail.	5
	(b) Give the preparation of ethylacetoacetate with mechanism.	5
	(c) Derive an expression for emf of a concentration cell without	5
	transference.	
	(d) Explain the principle of uv-visible spectroscopy.	5