## S.E. (SEM. III) (CBSGS) MECHANICAL ENGG. APPLIED MATHEMATICS III

14th May, 2015 3.00 pm to 6.00 pm

## Mechanical/Automobile

Q.P. Code: 4755

(3 Hours)

[ Total Marks: 80

N.B.: (1) Question No. 1 is compulsory.

- (2) Attempt any three questions out of remaining five questions.
- 1 (a) Find the Laplace transform of te<sup>-1</sup> cosh2t

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- (b) Find the fixed points of  $w = \frac{3z-4}{z-1}$ . Also express it in the normal form 5
  - $\frac{1}{w-\alpha} = \frac{1}{z-\alpha} + \lambda \text{ where } \lambda \text{ is a constant and } \alpha \text{ is the fixed point. Is this}$

transformation parabolic?

- (c) Evaluate  $\int_{0}^{1+i} (x^2-iy) dz$  along the path i) y=x, ii)  $y=x^2$
- (d) Prove that  $f_1(x)=1$ ,  $f_2(x)=x$ ,  $f_3(x)=\frac{3x^2-1}{2}$  are orthogonal over (-1,1)
- 2. (a) Find inverse Laplace transform of  $\frac{2s}{s^4 + 4}$ 
  - (b) Find the image of the triangular region whose vertices are i, 1+i, 1-i under the transformation w = z +4-2. Draw the sketch.
  - (c) Obtain fourier expansion of  $f(x) = |\cos x|$  in  $(-\pi, \pi)$ .

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- 3. (a) Obtain complex form of fourier series for  $f(x) = \cosh 2x + \sinh 2x$  in (-2,2).
  - (b) Using Carnk-Micholson simplified formula solve  $\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} \frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = 0$  given 6
    - u(0,t) = 0. u(4, t) = 0,  $u(x, 0) = \frac{x}{3}$  (16-x<sup>2</sup>) find uij for i=0,1,2,3,4 and j=0, 1,2
  - (c) Solve the equation  $y + \int_0^t y dt = 1 e^{-t}$

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4. (a) Evaluate 
$$\int_{0}^{2\pi} \frac{d\theta}{5 + 3\sin\theta}$$

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Find half - range cosine series for  $f(x)=e^x$ , 0 < x < 1(b)

Obtain two distinct Laurent's series for  $f(z) = \frac{2z-3}{z^2-4z-3}$  in powers of (c) (z-4) indicating the regions of convergence.

5. (a) Solve  $\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial v^2} - 2\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = 0$  by Bender - Schmidt method, given u(0, t) = 0, u(4, t) = 0, u(x,0) = x(4-x). Assume h=1 and find the values of u upto t = 5

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Find the Laplace transform of e-4t Jusin3udu (b)

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Evaluate  $\int_{C} \frac{z+3}{z^2+2z+5}$  dz where C is the circle i) |z|=1, ii) |z+1-i|=2

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Find inverse Laplace transform of  $\frac{s}{(s^2-a^2)^2}$  by using convolution theorem.

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(b) Find an analytic function f(z) = u+iv where  $u+v=e^{z}$  (cosy + siny) 6

Solve the equation  $\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = k \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2}$  for the conduction of heat along a rod of (c)

length l subject to following conditions

(i) u is not infinity for t→∞

(ii)  $\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} = 0$  for x=0 and x=l for any time t

(iii)  $u=lx-x^2$  for t=0 between x=0 and x=l