

## Mechanical/Automobile

QP Code : 601202

(REVISED COURSE)

(3 Hours)

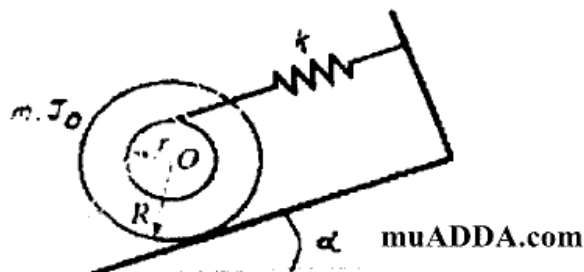
[ Total Marks : 80

- N.B.:** (1) Question No.1 is compulsory.  
 (2) Answer **any three** questions from remaining questions.  
 (3) Assume suitable data if required. muADDA.com  
 (4) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

1. Attempt **any 4** of the following.

- (a) Briefly explain the steps involved in vibration analysis. 5  
 (b) Compare Viscous and Coulomb dampings. Mention at least 5 points of difference. 5  
 (c) Draw Displacement vs. Time plots for Overdamped, Critically-damped, Underdamped and Undamped cases, all superimposed to a common scale. Comment on the nature of time period of oscillations for increasing values of damping. 5  
 (d) Explain the meaning of Vibration isolation and Transmissibility. List at least 4 vibration isolation materials. 5  
 (e) Compare Vibrometer and Accelerometer on the basis of the following: parameters of measurement, mass of device, natural frequency of device, practical applicability and error estimation. 5  
 (f) Explain why an unbalanced rotating mass on a shaft cannot be balanced completely by using a single balancing mass in a different transverse plane. What is the minimum number of balancing masses required if they are to be attached in different transverse planes, so that the system is completely balanced? 5

2. (a) Figure below shows a mass consisting of concentric attached cylinders. Derive the natural frequency of undamped free vibrations. 10



- (b) One of the solution forms for free underdamped 1 d.o.f. vibration systems is given as:  $x(t) = Ae^{-\zeta\omega_n t} \sin(\omega_d t + \phi)$  where displacement amplitude  $A$  and phase angle  $\phi$  are unknown constants. Given initial disturbances in the form of displacement  $x_0$  and velocity  $v_0$ , derive the expressions for  $A$  and  $\phi$ . 5

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- (c) Define whirling speed. Derive the equation for the critical speed of a light shaft with a single disc without damping. 5

3. (a) Draw a plot of Magnification Factor versus Frequency Ratio curves for various Damping Factor values. 5

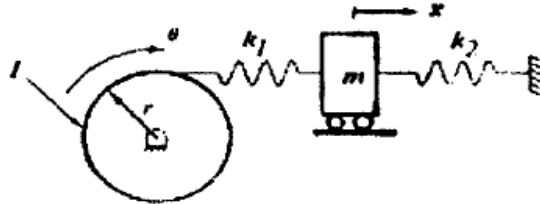
Write the expression consisting of the three parameters. State the conclusions that may be drawn from the plot.

- (b) 40 N at 20 cm, 30 N at 40 cm and 20 N at 60 cm from the fixed end are the loading on a cantilever. The deflection under 20 N due to all the loads is 5 mm. Find the natural frequency of the system. What would be the new frequency if 20 N is added at 20 cm from the fixed end? Also, compare the new frequency obtained using Dunkerley's method. 15

Note: The deflection at section  $i$  due to unit load at section  $j$  is given by-

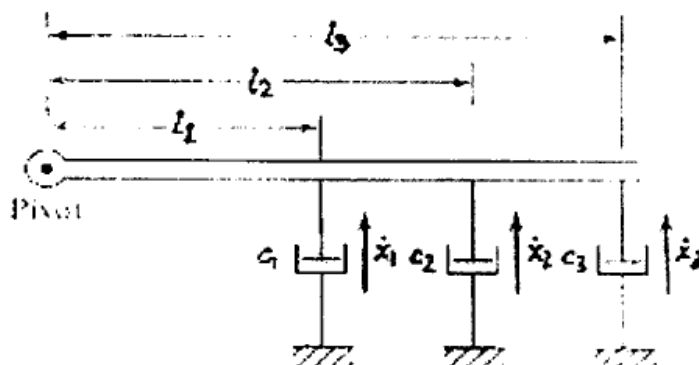
$$U_{ij} = \frac{S_i^2 (3S_j - S_i)}{\text{Constant}} \text{ for } S_i < S_j, U_{ij} = U_{ji}$$

4. (a) Using Lagrange's method, derive the equations of motion for the following system. 10



- (b) An air-conditioner weighs 200 kg. and is driven by a motor at 500 r.p.m. What is the required static deflection of an undamped isolator to achieve 80% isolation? 10

5. (a) Find a single equivalent damping constant for the following cases: 10
- (i) when three dampers are parallel
  - (ii) when three dampers are in series
  - (iii) when three dampers are connected to a rigid bar (as shown in figure below) and the equivalent damper is at site  $c_1$ .



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- (b) A vibrometer having a natural frequency of 4 rad/s and damping ratio of 0.2 is attached to a structure that performs a harmonic motion. If the difference between the maximum and minimum recorded values is 8 mm, find the amplitude of motion of the vibrating structure when its frequency is 40 rad/s. 10
6. (a) A 10-kg mass is connected to a spring of stiffness 3,000 N/m and is released after giving an initial displacement of 100 mm. Assuming that the mass moves on a horizontal dry surface, determine the position at which the mass comes to rest. Assume the coefficient of friction between the mass and the surface to be 0.12. 10
- (b) Investigate the state of primary and secondary balancing of four stroke cycle, four cylinder engine with a firing order I-II-III-IV. 10
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