

SE

III

B.T.

PC

20/12/13

Ash8-D \Data-9

## Process Calculation

Con. 9988-13.

(23)

GX-12215

(3 Hours)

[ Total Marks : 80

- N.B. : (1) Question No. 1 is compulsory.  
 (2) Attempt any three questions from remaining five questions.  
 (3) Assume suitable data wherever necessary.

1. (a) Define :- 8
  - (i) Stoichiometry. muADDA.com
  - (ii) Stoichiometric ratio.
  - (iii) Limiting reactant.
  - (iv) % excess.
- (b) Write an outline of procedure for material balance calculations. 12
2. (a) Ammonia is produced by following reaction :- 10

$$\text{N}_2 + 3\text{H}_2 \longrightarrow 2\text{NH}_3$$

Calculate :-

  - (i) Molal flow rate of Hydrogen corresponding to Nitrogen feed rate of 25 kmol/h if they are Fed in Stoichiometric proportion.
  - (ii) Kg of ammonia produced per hour if percent conversion is 25 and Nitrogen feed rate is 25 kmol/h.
- (b) A gas mixture containing benzene vapour is saturated at 101.325 KPa and 323 K. 10  
 Calculate absolute humidity if other component of mixture is :-  
  - (i) Nitrogen and
  - (ii) Carbondioxide.

Data :- Vapour pressure of benzene at 323 K = 36.664 KPa.
3. (a) How many moles of  $\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4$  will contain 64 kg of (s) [Sulfur] ? 5
- (b) How many kilograms of ethane are there in 210 k-mol ? 5
- (c) Calculate the available Nitrogen content of solution containing 30% Urea, 20% ammonium sulfate and 20% ammonium nitrate. muADDA.com 10
4. (a) The waste acid from nitrating process contains 30%  $\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4$ , 35%  $\text{HNO}_3$  and 35%  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$  by weight acid is to be concentrated to contain 39%  $\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4$  and 42%  $\text{HNO}_3$  by addition of concentrated sulfuric acid containing 98%  $\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4$  and concentrated nitric acid containing 72%  $\text{HNO}_3$  (by weight). 12  
 Calculate the quantities of 3 acids to be mixed to get 1000 kg of desired mixed acid.
- (b) A natural gas has following composition by volume :-  
 $\text{CH}_4 = 82\%$   
 $\text{C}_2\text{H}_6 = 12\%$   
 $\text{N}_2 = 6\%$   
 Calculate the density of gas at 288 K and 101.325 KPa and composition in weight percent. 8

TURN OVER

SE III

BT

PC

Ash8-D \Data-10

Con. 9988-GX-12215-13.

2

5. (a) Write short notes on :-

12

- (i) Normality.
- (ii) Recycle ratio.
- (iii) Hess's law.
- (iv) Yield.
- (v) Selectivity.
- (vi) Extraction.

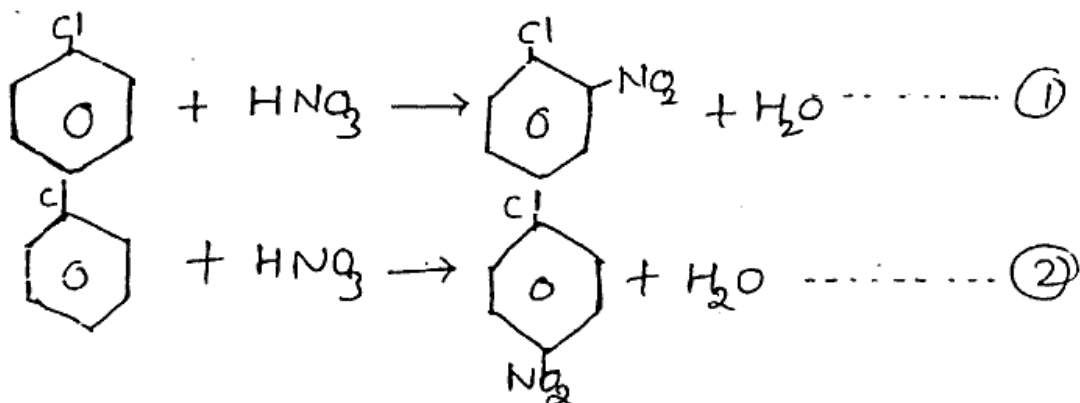
(b) Prove for ideal gas :-

8

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Pressure \%} &= \text{mole \%} \\ &= \text{volume \%} \end{aligned}$$

6. (a) Chlorobenzene is nitrated using a mixture of Nitric acid and Sulfuric acid during the pilot run, charge consists of 100 kg of chlorobenzene, 106.5 kg of Nitric acid of 65.5% strength, 108 kg of Sulfuric acid of 93.6% strength, after 2 hours of operation, final product mixture was analyzed and found to contain 2% unreacted chlorobenzene also the product distribution was found to be 66% paranitrochlorobenzene and 34% orthonitrochlorobenzene (by weight). reactions are,

12



- Calculate (i) Analysis of charge.  
 (ii) % conversion of chlorobenzene.  
 (iii) Composition of product mixture.

(atomic Wt. data, H = 1, N = 14, S = 32, Cl = 35.5)

(b) Stream of nitrogen flowing at a rate of 100 kmol/h is heated from 303 K to 373 K. Calculate the heat that must be transferred.

8

Data :-

$$C_p^\circ \text{ for nitrogen} = 29.5909 - 5.141 \times 10^{-3} T + 11.1819 \times 10^{-6} T^2 - 4.968 \times 10^{-9} T^3$$