

① S.E.-IV sem - Biotech.

Applied Maths IV - C/15/0302/BT/Am - IV

28

Q.P. Code : 5380

30/11/2015

(3 Hours)

[Total Marks : 80]

- N.B. : (1) Question No. 1 is compulsory.
(2) Attempt any three questions from the remaining.
(3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

1. (a) Find Fourier sine transform of $\frac{e^{-ax}}{x}$ 5
- (b) Evaluate $\int_C \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{r}$ where $\vec{F} = \cos y \vec{i} - x \sin y \vec{j}$ and C is the curve $y = \sqrt{1-x^2}$ in xy-plane from (1, 0) to (0, 1) 5
- (c) Expand $f(x) = x$, $0 < x < 2$ in the half range cosine series 5
- (d) Classify the following differential equation. $U_{xx} - 2U_{xy} + U_{yy} + 3U_y + 4U_x = 3x - 2y$ 5
2. (a) Using Green's theorem, evaluate $\int_C \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{r}$ where C is the curve enclosing the region bounded by $y^2 = 4ax$, $x = a$ in the plane $z=0$ and $\vec{F} = (2x^2y + 3z^2)\vec{i} + (x^2 + 4yz)\vec{j} + (2y^2 + 6x^2)\vec{k}$ 6
- (b) Find the complex form of fourier series for $f(x) = e^{ax}$ in $(-\pi, \pi)$ 6
- (c) Solve the equation $\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = \frac{k \partial^2 u}{\partial x^2}$ for the conduction of heat along a rod of length ℓ subject to following conditions. 8
 - (i) u is not infinity for $t \rightarrow \infty$
 - (ii) $\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} = 0$ for $x = 0$ and $x = \ell$ for any time t
 - (iii) $u = \ell x - x^2$ for $t = 0$ between $x = 0$ and $x = \ell$
3. (a) Show that the set of functions $\sin \frac{\pi x}{L}, \sin \frac{3\pi x}{L}, \sin \frac{5\pi x}{L}, \dots$, is orthogonal over $(0, L)$ 6
- (b) Express the function $f(x) = \pi/2$; $0 < x < \pi$
 0 ; $x > \pi$ 6
- as fourier sine Integral and show that $\int_0^\infty \frac{1 - \cos \pi \omega}{\omega} \sin \omega x d\omega = \frac{\pi}{2}$; $0 < x < \pi$
- (c) Using Gauss Divergence Theorem, prove that 8

$$\iiint_S (y^2 z^2 \vec{i} + z^2 x^2 \vec{j} + x^2 y^2 \vec{k}) \cdot \vec{N} ds = \frac{\pi}{12}$$
 where S is the part of the sphere $x^2 + y^2 = 1$ in xy-plane

40/1/15

SE/IT /CROSS/BT /AM-J

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2

4. (a) A string is stretched and fastened to the two points distance ' ℓ ' apart. Motion is started by displacing the string in the form $y = a \sin\left(\frac{\pi x}{\ell}\right)$ from which it is released at time $t = 0$. Show that the displacement of a point at a distance x from one end at time t is given by $y(x, t) = a \sin\left(\frac{\pi x}{\ell}\right) \cos\left(\frac{\pi t}{\ell}\right)$ 6
- (b) Find the Fourier expansion of $f(x) = 4 - x^2$ in $(0, 2)$ 6
- (c) Prove that $\vec{F} = (y^2 \cos x + z^3)\mathbf{i} + (2y \sin x - 4)\mathbf{j} + (3xz^2 + 2)\mathbf{k}$ is conservative field. Find (i) Scalar potential for \vec{F} (ii) the work done in moving an object in this field from $(0, 1, -1)$ to $(\pi/2, -1, 2)$ 8
5. (a) A rectangular metal plate with insulated surfaces is of width ' a ' and so long as compared to its breadth that it can be considered infinite in length without introducing an applicable error. If the temperature along one short edge $y = 0$ is given by $u(x, 0) = u_0 \sin(\pi x/a)$ for $0 < x < a$ and other long edges $x = 0$ and $x = a$ and the short edges are kept at zero degrees temperature find the function $u(x, y)$ describing the steady state. 6
- (b) Find the Fourier cosine transform of $f(x) = e^{-x} + e^{-2x}$; $x > 0$ 6
- (c) Verify Stoke's Theorem for vector field $\vec{F} = 4xz\mathbf{i} - y^2\mathbf{j} + yz\mathbf{k}$ over the area in the plane $z = 0$ bounded by $x = 0$, $y = 0$, $x^2 + y^2 = 1$. 8
6. (a) A vector field is given by $\vec{F} = \sin y \mathbf{i} + x(1 + \cos y)\mathbf{j}$, evaluate the line integral over the circular path $x^2 + y^2 = a^2$, $z = 0$ 6
- (b) Evaluate $\iint_S (\nabla \times \vec{F}) \cdot d\vec{S}$ where $\vec{F} = (2x - y + z)\mathbf{i} + (x + y - z)\mathbf{j} + (3x - 2y + 4z)\mathbf{k}$ and S is the surface of the cylinder $x^2 + y^2 = 4$ bounded by the plane $z = 9$ and open at other end. 6
- (c) Find Fourier expansion of $f(x) = 1 - x^2$, $|x| < 1$
 0 $|x| > 1$ 8
- Hence, evaluate

$$\int_0^{\infty} \left(\frac{x \cos x - \sin x}{x^3} \right) \cos \frac{x}{2} \cdot dx$$

MD-Con. 8625-15.