

B.E-VII Sem - Biotech
 Biotech - Bio process modeling & simulation
 BE/VII/CBGS/BT/BMS
 QP Code : 31317

(17)

(3 Hours)

[Total Marks - 80]

- Note: i) Q.No 1 is compulsory.
 ii) Answer any three of the remaining five questions.
 iii) Assume suitable data where ever necessary.

- Q.1 a) Certain experimental values of x and y are given below: 10
- | | | | | |
|---|----|---|----|----|
| X | 0 | 2 | 5 | 7 |
| Y | -1 | 5 | 12 | 20 |
- If $y = a_0 + a_1x$, find approximate values of a_0 and a_1 using least square method.
- b) Briefly discuss about Raoult's law and its applications. 10
- Q.2 a) Write the component continuity equation for a CSTR in which a "simultaneous reaction" (first-order, isothermal) takes place $A \xrightarrow{k_1} B \rightarrow C$ 10
- b) Write component continuity equation for the same above system in which reversible reaction takes place instead of simultaneous reaction. 10
- Q.3 Describe the simulation of Batch reactor using Runge-kutta Method. 20
- Q.4 a) Given the following $f(x) = x^4 - x - 10$, $x_0 = 2$, Find the roots corrected to 3 decimal places using Newton-Raphson method. 10
- b) Evaluate $I = \int_0^1 \frac{dx}{1+x}$, correct to three decimal places. Solve this using trapezoidal rule with $h=0.5$. 10
- Q.5 Develop a mathematical model for a simple gravity flow tank into which an incompressible liquid is pumped at a variable flow rate of F_0 (m^3/s). This inflow rate can vary with time because of changes in operations upstream. The height of the liquid in the vertical cylindrical tank is h (m). The flow rate out of the tank is F (m^3/s). Discuss the Newton-Raphson algorithm for solving the modeled equations. 20
- Q.6 a) Derive the equation for the time required to achieve desired conversion in Batch reactor 10
- b) An ice cube is dropped into a hot, perfectly mixed, insulated cup of coffee. List all assumption and define all terms. Develop the equations describing the dynamics of the system. 10

FW-Con. 10606-16.