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III/APP. Morths - III / 20/05/15 EXTC & JUST

QP Code: 4787

(3 Hours)
[Revised Course]

[Total Marks: 80

N.B.: 1) Question No.1 is compulsory.

- 2) Attempt any three from the remaining questions.
- 3) Assume suitable data if necessary.
- 1. (a) Determine the constants a,b,c,d if $f(z) = x^2 + 2axy + by^2 + i(dx^2 + 2cxy + y^2)$ is analytic.
 - (b) Find a cosine series of period 2π to represent $\sin x$ in $0 \le x \le \pi$
 - (c) Evaluate by using Laplace Transformation $\int_0^\infty e^{-3x} t \cos t dt$.
 - (d) A vector field is given by $\overline{F} = (x^2 + xy^2)i \div (y^2 + x^2y)j$. Show that \overline{F} is irrotational and find its scalar potential. Such that $\overline{F} = \nabla \emptyset$.
- 2. (a) Solve by using Laplace Transform $(D^2 + 2D + 5) v = e^{-t} \sin t, \text{ when } v(0) = 0, \text{ } v'(0) = 1.$
 - (b) Find the total work done in moving a particle in the force field

 F =3xy i -5 z j +10x k along x=t² +1, y= 2t², z=t³ from t=1 and t=2.
 - (c) Find the Fourier series of the function $f(x) = e^{-x}$, $0 < x < 2\pi$ and $f(x+2\pi) = f(x)$. Hence deduce that the value of $\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{n^2+1}$.
 - 3 (a) Prove that $J_{1/2}(x) = \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi x}} \cdot \sin x$
 - (b) Verify Green's theorem in the plane for $\oint (x^2 y) dx + (2y^2 + x) dy$ Around the boundary of region defined by $y = x^2$ and y = 4.
 - (c) Find the Laplace transforms of the following.

i)
$$e^{-t} \int_0^t \frac{\sin u}{u} du$$
 ii) $t \sqrt{1 + \sin t}$

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- 4 (a) If $f(x) = C_1Q_1(x) + C_2Q_2(x) + C_3Q_3(x)$, where C_1 , C_2 , C_3 constants and C_1 , C_2 , C_3 are orthonormal sets on (a,b), show that $\int_a^b [f(x)]^2 dx = c_1^2 + c_2^2 + c_3^2.$
 - (b) If $v = e^x \sin y$, prove that v is a Harmonic function. Also find the corresponding harmonic conjugate function and analytic function.
 - (c) Find inverse Laplace transforms of the following.
 - i) $\frac{s^2}{(s^2+a^2)(s^2+b^2)}$ ii) $\frac{s+2}{s^2-4s+13}$
- 5 (a) Find the Fourier series if f(x) = |x|, -k < x < kHence deduce that $\sum \frac{1}{(2n-1)^4} = \frac{\pi^4}{96}$.
 - (b) Define solenoidal vector. Hence prove that $\overline{F} = \frac{d \times \overline{r}}{r^n}$ is a solenoidal vector 6
 - (c) Find the bilinear transformation under which 1, i, -1 from the z-plane are mapped onto 0, 1, ∞ of w-plane .Further show that under this transformation the unit circle in w-plane is mapped onto a straight line in the z-plane .Write the name of this line.
- 6 (a) Using Gauss's Divergence Theorem evaluate $\iint_S \overline{F} \cdot d\overline{s}$ where $\overline{F} = 2x^2yi y^2j + 4xz^2k$ and s is the region bounded by $y^2 + z^2 = 9$ and x = 2 in the first octant.
 - (b) Define bilinear transformation. And prove that in a general, a bilinear transformation maps a circle into a circle.
 - (c) Prove that $\int x.J_{2/3}(x^{3/2}) dx = -\frac{2}{3}x^{-1/2}J_{-1/3}(x^{3/2})$.

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